# **Capital Markets Update** 12 September 2024 HoistFinance Classification: Public



## **Agenda**

Introduction | Lars Wollung, Chairman of the Board

**Strategy and business model** Harry Vranjes, Chief Executive Officer

**Investment management** Fabien Klecha, Chief Investment Officer

Capital and funding | Christian Wallentin, Deputy CEO & CFO

Risk management | Christian Wallentin, Deputy CEO & CFO

**Q&A** with country heads

Specialised Debt Restructurer | Christian Wallentin, Deputy CEO & CFO

Financial targets and follow-up | Harry Vranjes, Chief Executive Officer

**Summary and Q&A** 



## What sets us apart

Lars Wollung, Chairman of the Board

## **Agenda**

O1 Industry dynamics/what?

O2 Purpose/why?

03 Winning formula/how?





## The concept of debt



Fundamental value driver for society

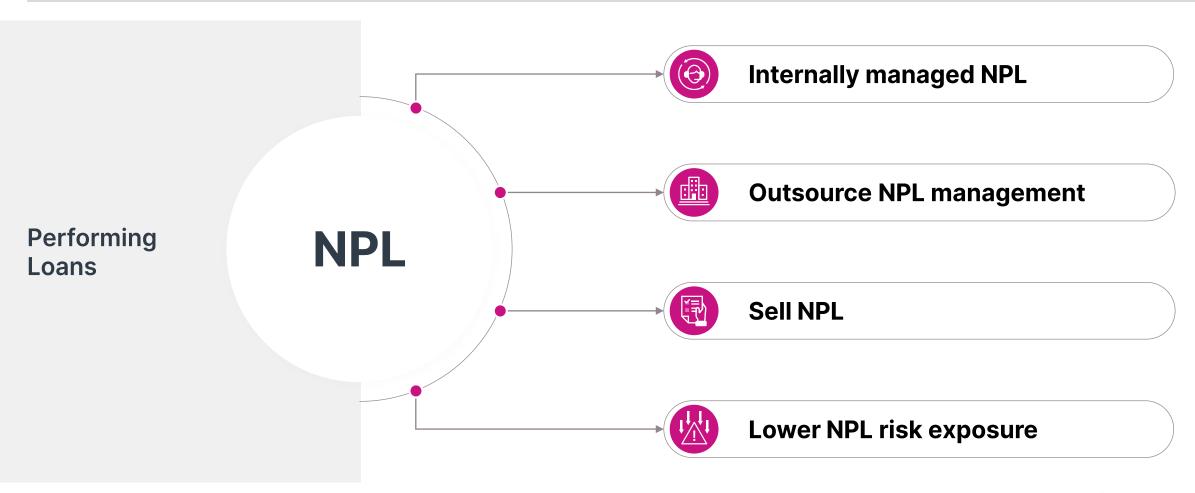


Risk and value destruction



## Non-Performing Loan (NPL) management

#### **Origination bank**





## **Long-term driving forces**



Internally manage NPL











## **Suppliers of NPL management**

#### **Origination bank goals**

Increase capital

Reduce risk Reduce operational costs

Increase cash flow

Fulfill ESG objectives





NPL service companies



Hybrid service and NPL acquisition companies



NPL investment companies/funds



Banks specialised in NPL management















## **Agenda**

01 Industry dynamics/what?

O2 Purpose/why?

O3 Winning formula/how?



## **Agenda**

01 Industry dynamics/what?

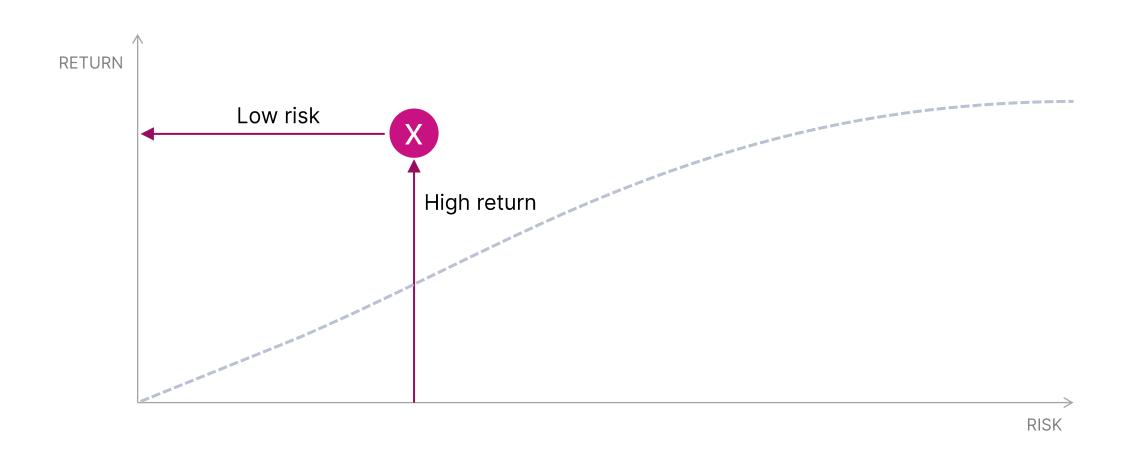
O2 Purpose/why?

03 Winning formula/how?





## **Aspired risk / return profile**





## **Balance sheet management**

#### **Assets**



- » No single risk exposure
- » Diversified portfolio



» Minimal risk

#### **Total assets**

#### Liabilities and equity



Savings accounts

- » Consumer only, max EUR 100 000, 120 000 investors
- » Diversification
  - Austria, Germany, Holland, Ireland, Poland, Sweden, UK



**Bonds** 

- » Diversification
  - Time
  - Investors



#### **Total liabilities and equity**



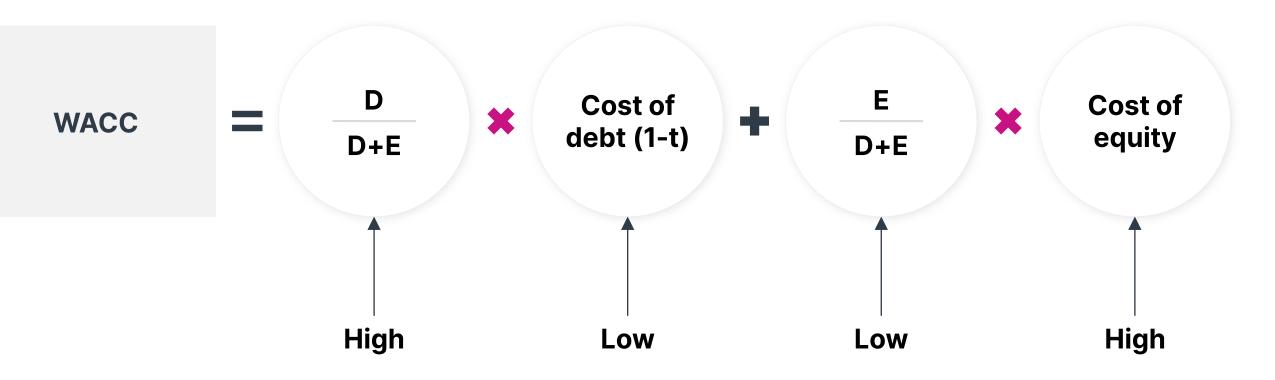
### **Risk overview**

Risk assessment: a low and stable risk profile with active risk management

Types of risk	Comment	Risk assessment
Credit risk in NPL portfolios	<ul> <li>Actively managed diversified assets</li> <li>Data driven and statistical</li> <li>Centralised revaluation governance and frameworks</li> </ul>	• LOW
Credit risk in liquidity portfolio	» Investments in government, municipal and covered bonds of high credit quality	• LOW
Operational risks	<ul> <li>Continuous improvement focus</li> <li>Startegic internal IT capability to mitigate cyber and other IT risks</li> <li>Systematic training and controls in place</li> </ul>	<ul><li>INTERNAL LOW</li><li>EXTERNAL MEDIUM</li></ul>
Market risks	<ul> <li>» Bank regulated</li> <li>» Flexible and effective funding model with structural natural hedges</li> <li>» Continuously hedging of interest rate and FX risks in the short and medium term</li> </ul>	• LOW
Liquidity risk	<ul><li>» High level of ongoing liquidity reserve</li><li>» SDR NSFR 130%</li></ul>	• LOW
Regulatory, statutory risk	<ul> <li>» Purpose fully aligned with regulatory objectives</li> <li>» Regulatory status in level 1 text in banking package</li> <li>» Pan-European multi-jurisdictional structure</li> </ul>	O O LOW to MEDIUM



## Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC)









Low cost of capital

Operational excellence

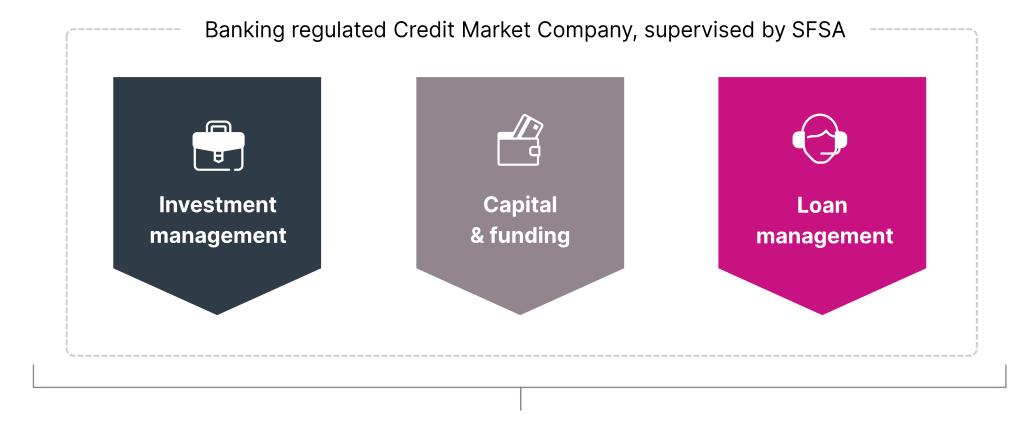


## Positioned for continued profitable growth

Harry Vranjes, CEO



## A leading European asset manager of unsecured and secured Non-Performing consumer Loan portfolios



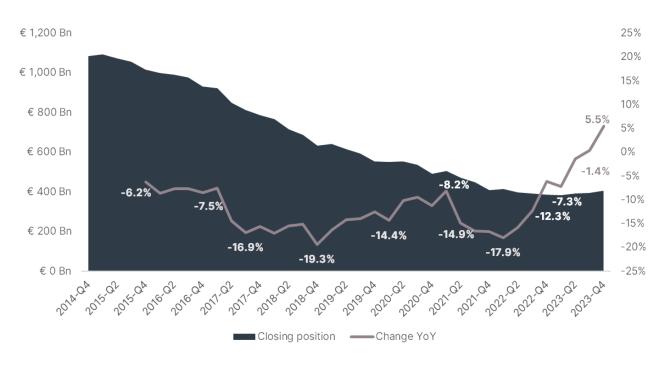
A healthy financial system



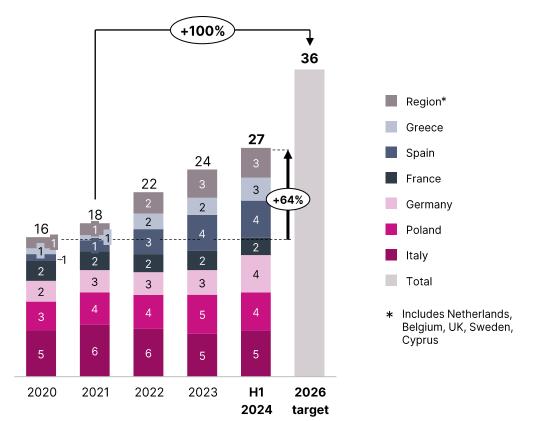


### **Investment Management**

## Non-performing exposure gross carrying amount for EU domestic banks



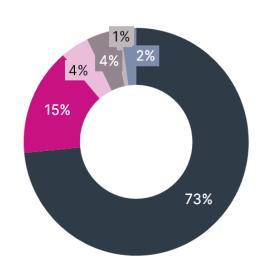
## Portfolio book value SEKbn, continued operations only





## **Capital and funding**

#### **Distribution of funding**







120,000 active customers

Ireland

UK

Netherlands

Germany

Sweden

Poland

Austria

SEK 22.3 billion

Total deposits as of Q2 2024



## Pan-European presence

- » Steering by RoE as core target
- » Loan Management
  - Strategic loan management is always inhouse and always local
  - Operational loan management is inhouse or outsourced and always local





## Investment Management

Fabien Klecha, Chief Investment Officer







Q2 2024

26.8	SEKbn, total portfolio	47.4	SEKbn, Expected Remaining Collections (ERC)
42	FTEs	11	European markets
4.3	SEKbn, invested in H1 2024	20+	SEKbn, total value of deals in our live investment pipeline
116%	Performance on vintages acquired since 2022	108%	Performance for all vintages



#### Pan-European presence (#of FTEs)







## Our responsibilities: investments in Hoist Finance

We are involved in all aspects of the portfolio lifecycle

Sourcing

1

Build relationships across Europe, become partner to all major European banks and participate in the secondary market Investments

2

Allocation of capital to most profitable situations. Always data-driven with strong governance in place Performance and profitability monitoring

3

Understand performance, support operations, identify and mitigate risks, report Feedback loop

4

Foster continuous learning culture

Owned by CFO

Revaluations

5

Building a healthy book by managing a principle-driven process Portfolio divestments

6

When appropriate, assess potential for divestment of portfolios together with Country Management Teams





## A market leader in the asset management of NPL portfolios

#### **Investment strategy**



Pan-European market footprint



Markets in scope: Italy, Germany, UK, Poland, Greece, Sweden, Spain, France, Netherlands, Belgium



Focus on banking assets



Focus on banking assets with high origination quality



Granular asset types



Unsecured

Secured

SME



Pro-active management



Constant monitoring of performance metrics

Benchmarking

SPA monitoring



Pro-active sourcing



Problem solve for banks

Seek co-investor partnerships

Secondary market opportunities

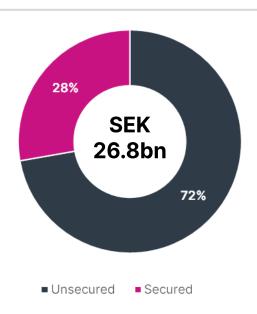




### A highly diversified, granual collection of NPL assets

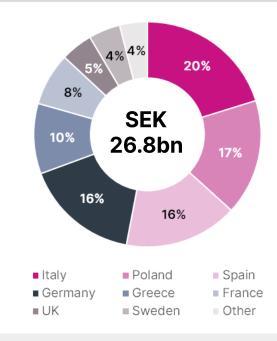
The Hoist Finance portfolio

#### Book value by asset class



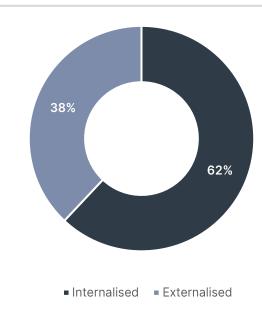
We focus on Unsecured and Secured NPL assets. We see great opportunities in both asset classes and deem not least SMEs a growth area

#### **Book value per market**



We are well diversified in our core markets. This allows for risk diversification, larger investment opportunities and more resilience

#### Internalised vs. Externalised

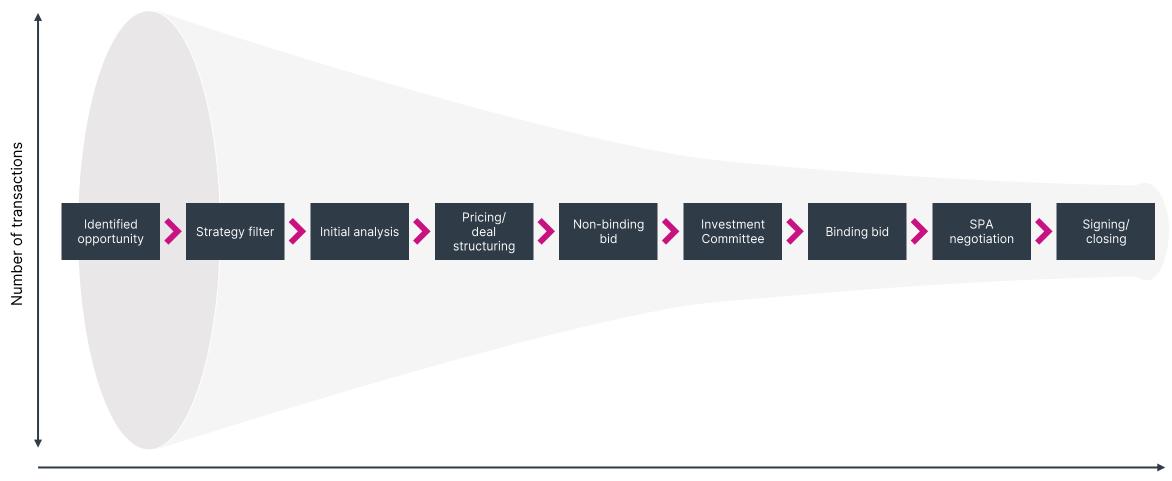


We utilitise the best in the market to manage our asset and challenge our internal platforms. We closely monitor the performance of all internal and external portfolios





## **Typical investment process**

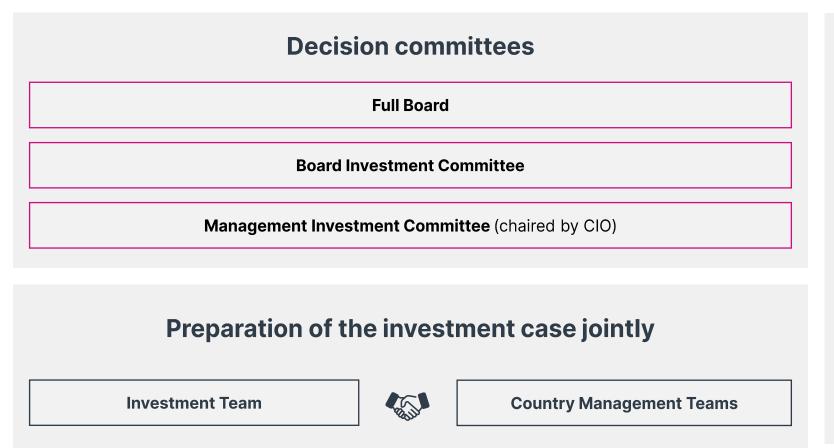


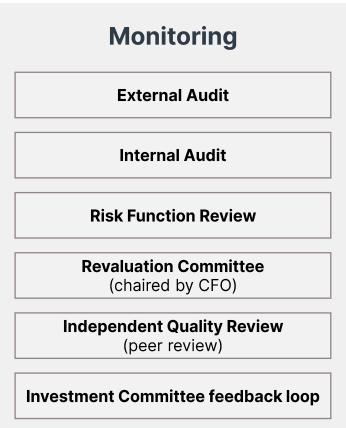
Time: 2-8 weeks





## Clear governance and monitoring









### Return metrics: how we assess investments

Each investment is assessed on how much it will contribute to the Hoist Finance ROE-target

#### **Net Money Multiple (NMM)**

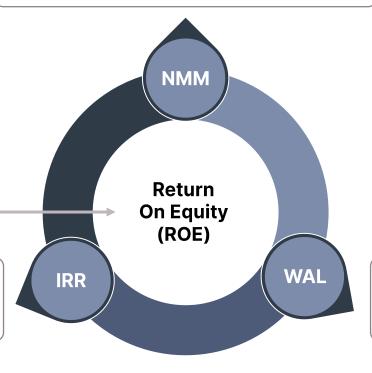
Provides an indication of the level of cash flows relative to the investment amount

### Return On Equity is the key financial metric for Hoist Finance

For each investment, return on capital is assessed which includes cost of funding, leverage and accounts for time value of money

#### **Internal Rate of Return (IRR)**

Provides an indication of the return of the investment which factors in the time value of money



#### Weighted Average Life (WAL)

Provides an indication of the maturity of the cash flows of an investment





## Return metrics: how we assess investments (cont.)

Ilustrative investment case

## Return metrics sensitivity to Real Estate values

OMV <sup>1)</sup> change	Implied IRR	Implied NMM	Implied ROE
10%	13.8%	1.55x	61.1%
5%	13.4%	1.54x	59.3%
0% (Base)	13.0%	1.52x	57.2%
-5%	12.5%	1.51x	54.8%
-10%	12.0%	1.49x	52.1%
-20%	10.7%	1.45x	45.1%

## Return metrics sensitivity to timing of cash flows

Timing	Implied IRR	Implied NMM	Implied ROE
-3	14.3%	1.52x	63.8%
0 (Base)	13.0%	1.52x	57.2%
+3	11.9%	1.52x	51.5%
+6	11.0%	1.52x	46.7%
+9	10.2%	1.52x	42.5%
+12	9.5%	1.52x	38.9%

#### Other key considerations/analysis

Concentration of ERC
Asset liquidity
Due Dilinere e findinge
Due Diligence findings
Sale and Purchase Agreement
Experience with portfolio/seller/assets

1) Open Market Value Classification: Public





## Centralised data driven approach which utilises large data sets and local expertise to feed predictive models



Snowflake data lake and leading valuation technology



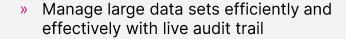
#### **Databases**

(eg. collection, operational, cost, pricing, collateral, etc.)



Centralised automated live reporting

#### Market leading valuation capabilities





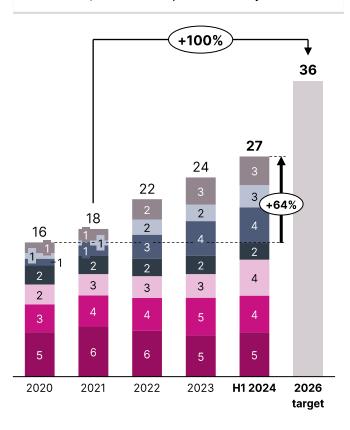
- » Run large simulations on our models which leverage deep data set and allow us to assess risks better
- » Real time reporting which allows investment cases to be monitored live
- » In depth operational analysis in short timelines







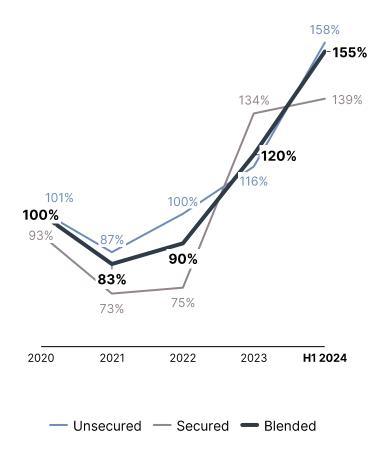
**BV** SEK Bn, continued operations only



Region<sup>1)</sup> Spain

Greece France Poland

#### 10yr Net IRR Blended 2020 indexed at 100%



- » Growth on track
- » Diversification
- » Financial discipline and active repricing

Germany





## Market outlook: multiplied growth opportunities

#### Regulation

- EBA implemented a "prudential backstop" regulation for minimum loss coverage of NPLs in 2019
- NPL backstop will make it more difficult for banks to hold on to NPLs for a longer period post termination
- NPL regulation has increased (e.g. NPL directive)

#### **Availability of funding**

- Euribor has increased by ~450bps since 2022 and cost of debt for NPL buyers has increased
- Hoist Finance has a competitive funding advantage with its deposit-based funding platform

Long-term trends



#### **Growth of the secondary market**

- ~€600bn of NPLs has transferred from the primary market into the secondary market since 2014
- Typical fund life cycle is 5 years (Hoist has good relationships with funds that sell)
- There is an ongoing repositioning of numerous players to a capital light model









#### **NPL Stock**

- Gross NPL stock in Hoist Finance's markets is ~€370bn (80% of which relates to France, Italy, Germany and Spain)
- Banks continue to have elevated levels of stage 2 loans at €1,900bn

#### **NPL Ratios & outlook**

- NPL Ratio has reduced from a peak of ~7% in 2014 to a low of 1.8% in 2022
- Since 2024 NPL ratio has begun to increase (+5%), showing signs of potential stress in bank's balance sheets

#### **Investable market**

- Of the ~€370bn NPLs present in Hoist markets,
   2/3 fall within our investment appetite: €79bn unsecured NPLs, €63bn secured NPLs and €110bn for SMEs NPLs
- Hoist on average invests less than 0.5% p.a. of the current investible primary NPL stock. There is ample room for Hoist to invest and grow in the current market





## Highly competitive investor with abundant capital





## Capital and funding

Christian Wallentin, Deputy CEO & CFO

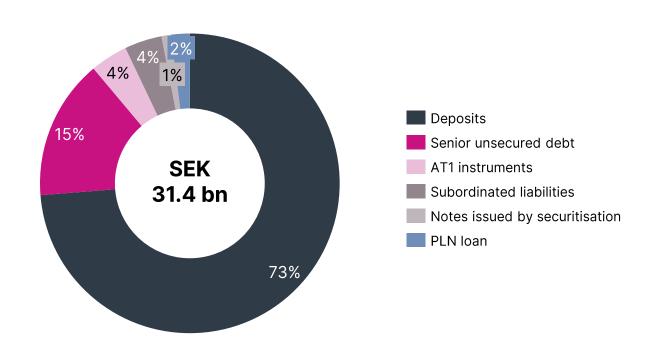




# Competitive funding platform with a stable deposit base

Our funding platform

#### **Funding distribution**



- » Sustainable, low-cost and diversified funding structure with continuous access to funding markets
- » Deposit platforms across Europe with attractive savings offering
- » Investment grade EMTN market platform with outstanding issuance in SEK and EUR



# **European savings** offering

- Granular and diversified offering under deposit guarantee scheme
- Real time funding access
- Highly competitive funding cost



## SEK 22.3 billion

In total deposit balance (approximately)





# The sole Investment Grade rated issuer in the industry

NPL industry credit rating overview

Corporate credit ratings											
	<b>Hoist Finance</b>	Peer									
Fitch	-	CCC	-	B+	CCC	_	_	BB+	BB+		
S&P	-	CC	BB-	В	-	BB-	В	-	-		
Moody's	Baa3	Caa2	Ba2	B2	В3	Ba1	B2	-	Ba2		

Source: Bloomberg





# **Peer pricing**

Current pricing of selected NPL senior bonds





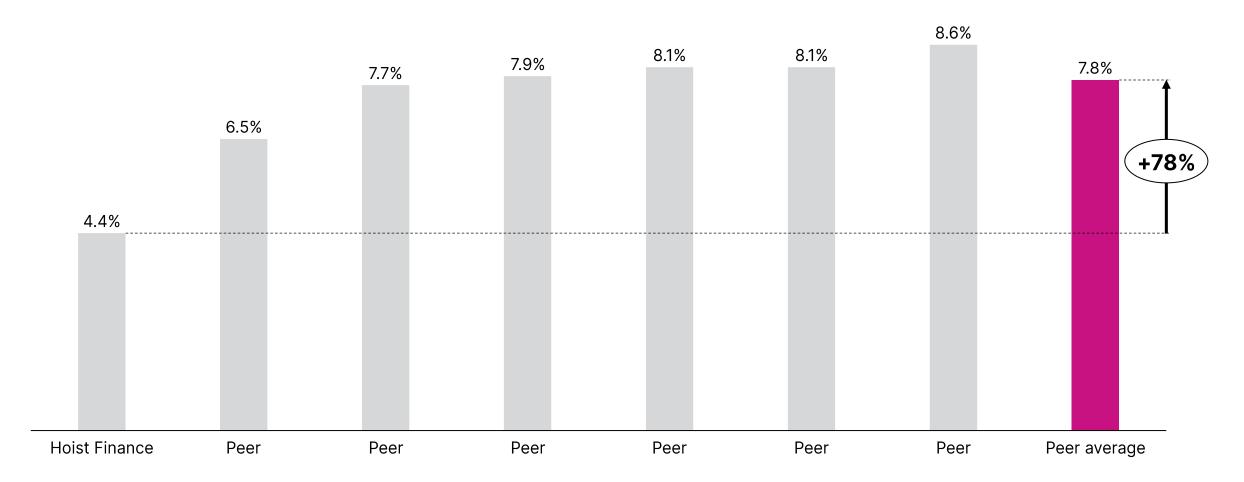
Source: Bloomberg





# The most competitive funding cost in the industry

Overview of industry weighted average cost of debt (%)





# Risk management

Christian Wallentin, Deputy CEO & CFO



## **Risk overview**

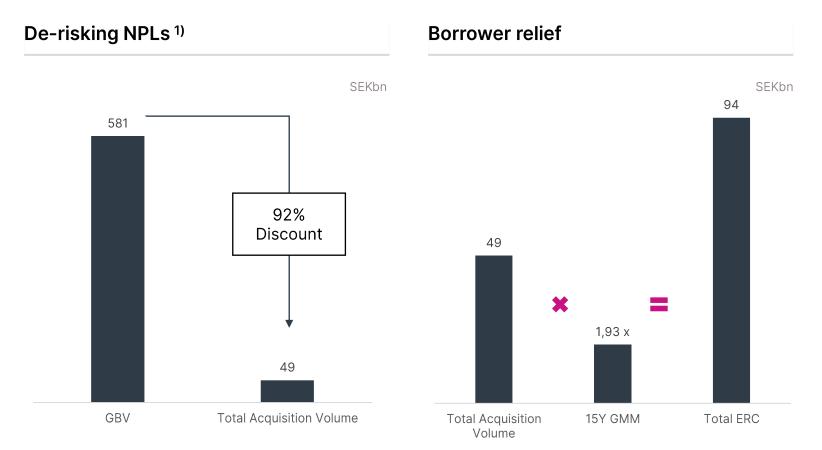
Risk assessment: a low and stable risk profile with active risk management

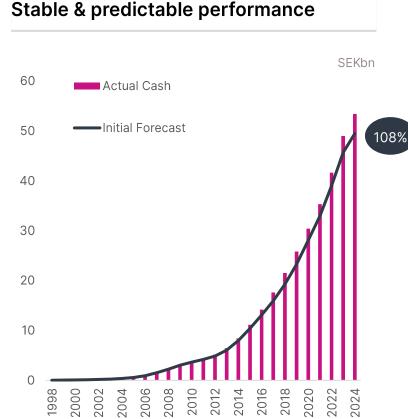
Types of risk	Comment	Risk assessment	
Credit risk in NPL portfolios	<ul> <li>Actively managed diversified assets</li> <li>Data driven and statistical</li> <li>Centralised revaluation governance and frameworks</li> </ul>	• LOW	
Credit risk in liquidity portfolio	» Investments in government, municipal and covered bonds of high credit quality	• LOW	
Operational risks	<ul> <li>Continuous improvement focus</li> <li>Startegic internal IT capability to mitigate cyber and other IT risks</li> <li>Systematic training and controls in place</li> </ul>	<ul><li>INTERNAL LOW</li><li>EXTERNAL MEDIUM</li></ul>	
Market risks	<ul> <li>» Bank regulated</li> <li>» Flexible and effective funding model with structural natural hedges</li> <li>» Continuously hedging of interest rate and FX risks in the short and medium term</li> </ul>	• LOW	
Liquidity risk	<ul><li>» High level of ongoing liquidity reserve</li><li>» SDR NSFR 130%</li></ul>	• LOW	
Regulatory, statutory risk	<ul> <li>» Purpose fully aligned with regulatory objectives</li> <li>» Regulatory status in level 1 text in banking package</li> <li>» Pan-European multi-jurisdictional structure</li> </ul>	O O LOW to MEDIUM	



# **Active risk management**

Hoist Finance is using pricing to de-risk portfolios to drive borrower relief and stable financial performance



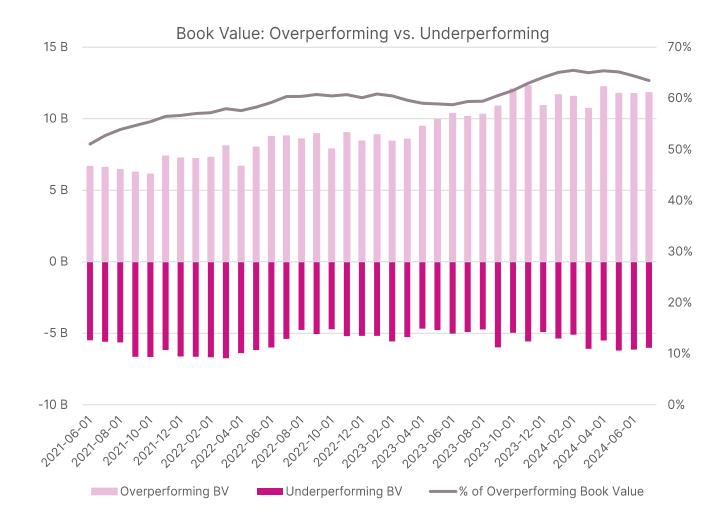


<sup>1)</sup> Graph illustrates NPLs acquisition value (Gross book value "GBV") since origination and purchase price spent by Hoist. It gives an understanding of the extent of de-risking of these assets is achieved during a transaction at arms' length.



# **Portfolio management**

Conservative and active portfolio management to ensure a healthy book



- » Stable and predictable collection performance with buffer to absorb unforeseen performance shocks
- » Centralised governance and follow-up framework
- » Outlier focus
- » Principle of prudence
- » Feedback loops
- » Strict overview by external auditor



# **Q&A** with country heads



**Makram Chebli**Country manager France





**Miguel Sotomayor**Country manager Spain





**Andrea Giovanelli**Country manager Italy







# **Specialised Debt Restructurer**

Christian Wallentin, Deputy CEO & CFO



## **Banking regulatory environment**

Hoist Finance purpose aligned with the intent of the regulators

#### Regulatory action plan to tackle Non-Performing Loans in Europe

2008 2019 2024



Since the global financial crisis, regulators have completely redesigned the regulatory banking frameworks to ensure financial stability in Europe



EU comprehensive strategy to address Non-Performing Loans including a minimum loss coverage for non-performing exposures

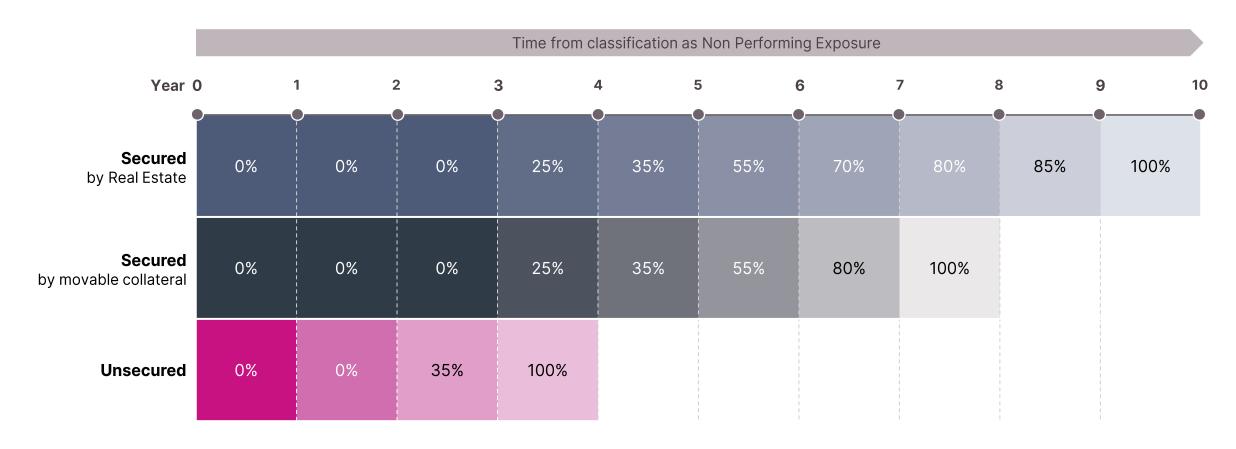


Specialised Debt Restructurer exempted to minimum loss coverage for non-performing exposures part of 2024 Banking Package



## **Prudential backstop**

The longer an exposure has been non-performing, the lower the probability for the recovery of its value

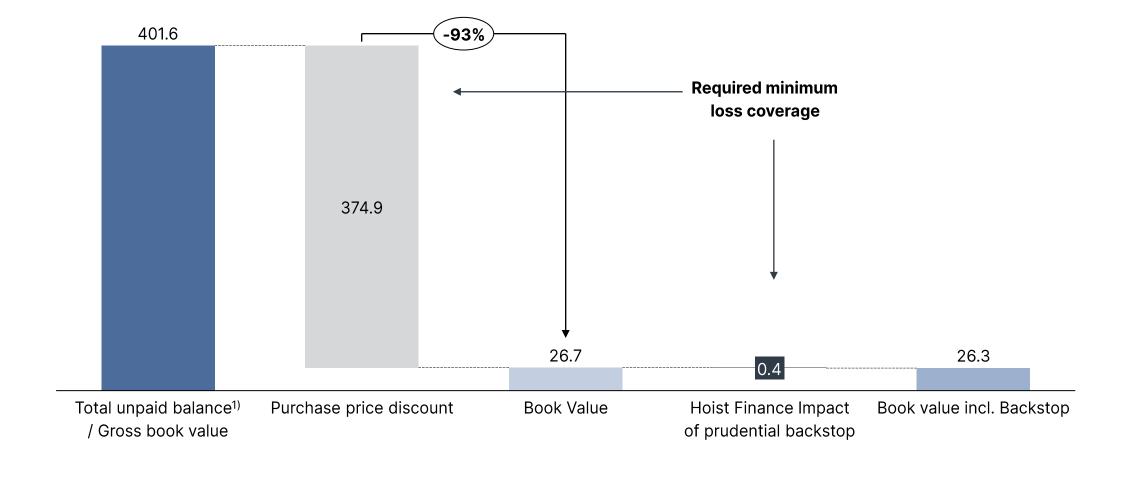


Percentages above show the Minimum Loss Coverage (Prudential Backstop) required for Non Performing Exposures



# **Prudential backstop impact**

Currently the prudential backstop has a limited impact on Hoist Finance



Current unpaid balance (Q2 2024) Classification: Public 5

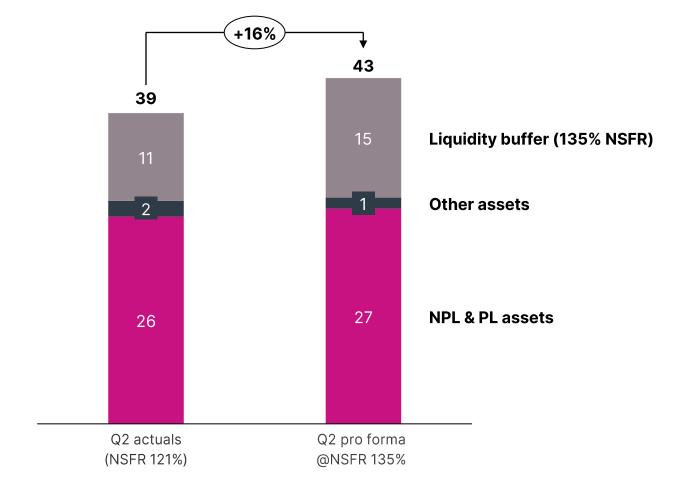


## **Impact of SDR requirements on Hoist Finance**

	SDR Requirements	Status
1	Main activity being NPL acquisition and management	$\bigcirc$
2	Limited 15% own originated loans	$\bigcirc$
3	5% of purchased NPLs qualifies forbearance measures of the purchased NPLs	$\bigcirc$
4	Total assets < EUR20bn	$\bigcirc$
5	Ongoing NSFR > 130%	Ongoing
6	Sight deposits < 5% of total liabilities	$\bigcirc$



Illustrative impact of the 130% Net Stable Funding Ratio requirement

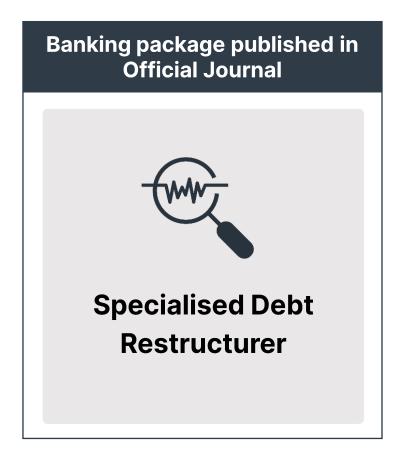




- » Key impact 130% NSFR requirement
- » Funding plan to fulfill 130% NSFR during H2 2024
- » Funding mix c. 80% deposits and c. 20% market funding
- » Estimated net funding costs of c. 65 SEKm per year with c. SEK 20m in 2024
- » The increased liquidity buffer will have limited impact on Hoist Finance's capital position
- » Full-year outlook and RoE target include costs of SDR



Strong strategic attractiveness of becoming SDR





- » Designed to stimulate NPL markets
- » Exemption from prudential backstop
- » Enables focus on core purpose and business
- » Simplified business model and full independence
- » Plan to qualify as SDR by 1 January 2025



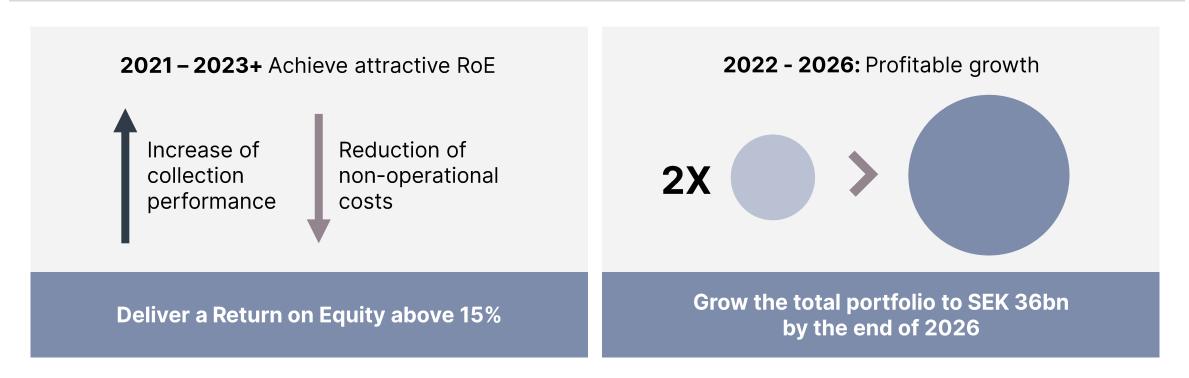
# Financial targets and follow-up

Harry Vranjes, CEO



# Our strategic focus 2021 to 2026

Become the leading European asset manager of non-performing unsecured and secured consumer loans portfolios from banks and financial institutions



**Banking regulated NPL asset manager model** 



# **Our financial targets**



#### **Profitability and return**

By ensuring the right balance between growth, profitability and capital efficiency, we aim to achieve a return on equity exceeding 15 per cent



#### **Capital structure**

Under normal conditions, the CET1 ratio should be 2.3–3.3 percentage points above overall CET1 requirements specified by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority



#### Growth

EPS (adjusted for AT1 costs) should grow by an average annual growth rate of 15 per cent over a business cycle

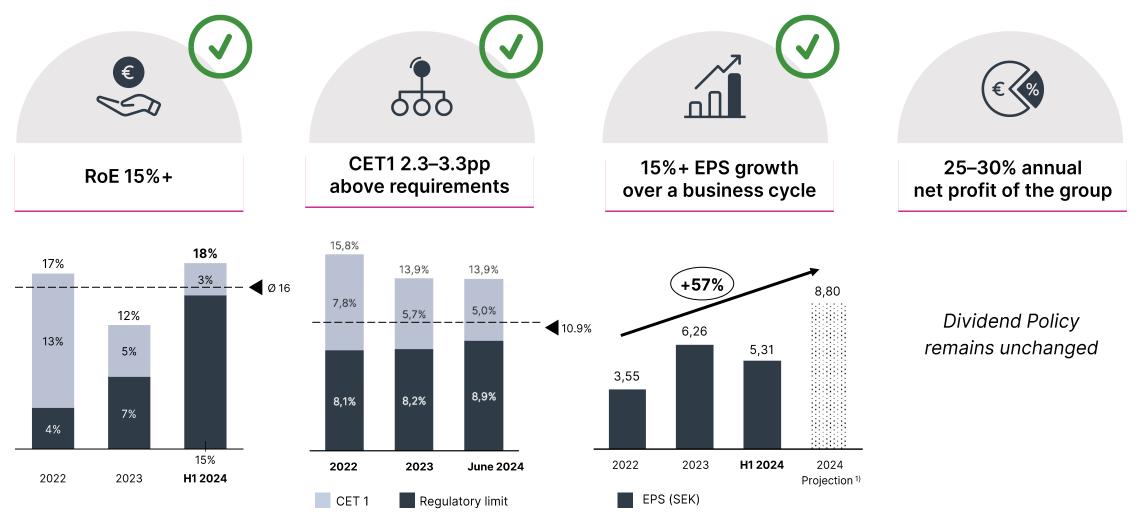


#### **Dividend policy**

Hoist Finance dividend will in the long-term correspond to 25–30 per cent of annual net profit of the group. The dividend will be determined annually, with respect to the company's capital target and the outlook for profitable growth



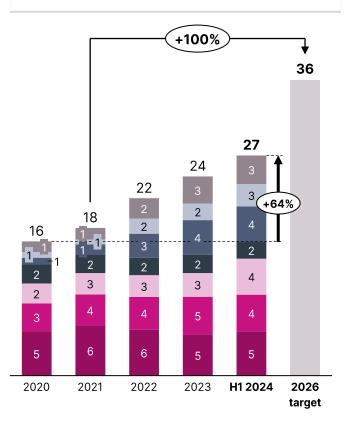
# **Evaluation of financial targets**



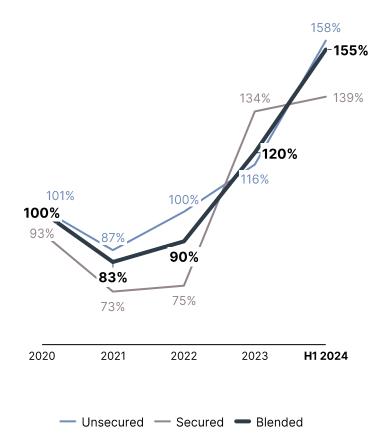


### **Book value & IRR**

**BV** SEK Bn, continued operations only



#### 10yr Net IRR Blended 2020 indexed at 100%



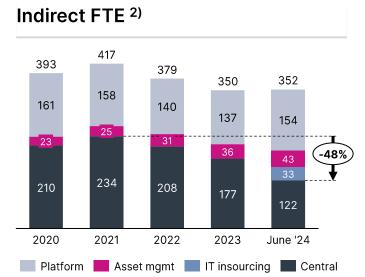
- » Growth on track
- » Diversification
- » Financial discipline and active repricing

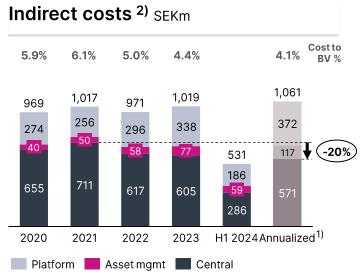
Region<sup>1)</sup> Spain

Greece France Poland

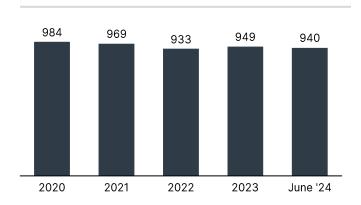
### **FTE & costs**



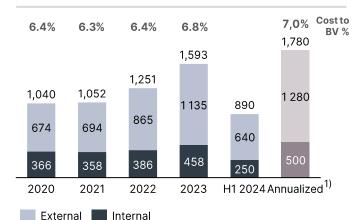




#### Direct FTE 2)



#### Direct costs 2) SEKm



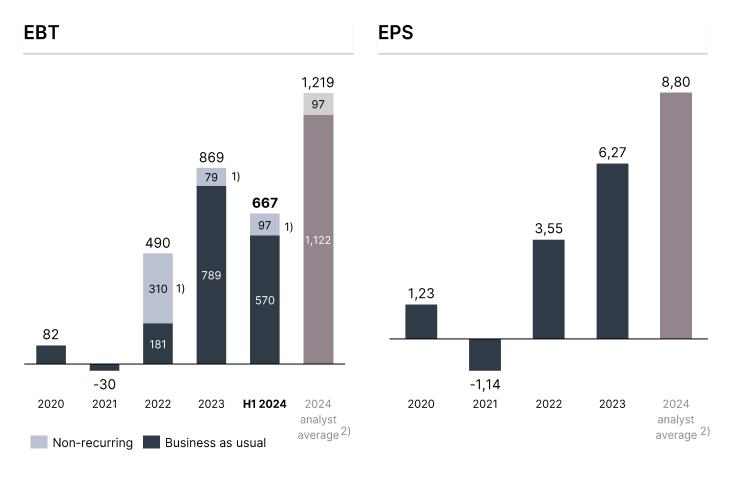
- » Strong pro-active cost control
- » Operational scale of indirect costs
- » Continuing investment into key capabilities

<sup>1)</sup> Annualized H1 2024

<sup>2)</sup> Continued operations, excl. Items affecting comparability

# **Earnings before tax**

# & Earnings per share





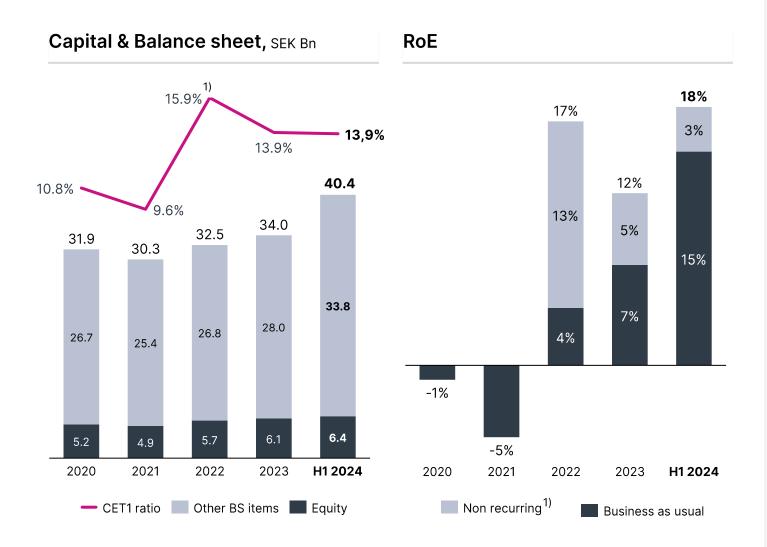
- » Scaling a strong organisation post rejuvenation
- » Growth book
- » Operational leverage

Non-recurring includes divestments, structural changes, and foreign exchange impacts. (e.g. UK Sale, joint venture dissolution and divestments in Italy & Germany)

Consensus estimate calculated as an average between Carnegie Equity Research and Nordea Equity Research current estimates

# **Capital & RoE**





- » Material purchasing power in supportive NPL market
- » Growth of equity
- » Strong return on equity

Non-recurring includes divestments, structural changes, and foreign exchange impacts. (e.g. UK Sale, joint venture dissolution and divestments in Italy & Germany)



# Summary and Q&A



# Just at the beginning of our journey

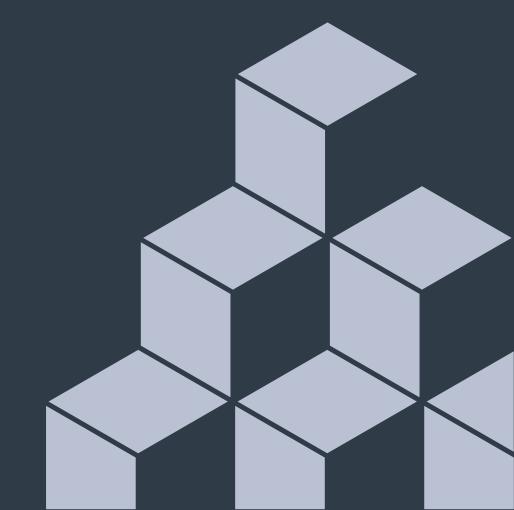
What makes Hoist Finance a winner in the industry

#### Ample growth opportunities in the European primary- and secondary NPL-markets



# Thank you!







### **Disclaimer**

IMPORTANT: The following applies to this document, the oral presentation of the information in this document by Hoist Finance AB (publ) (the "Company") or any person on behalf of the Company, and any question-and-answer session that follows the oral presentation (collectively, the "Information").

The Information has been prepared and issued by the Company solely for use at the presentation held by the Company in relation to the Company's operations and position. This Presentation does not purport to contain comprehensive or complete information about the Company and is qualified in its entirety by the business, financial and other information that the Company is required to publish in accordance with the rules, regulations and practices applicable to companies listed on Nasdaq Stockholm. The Information has not been independently verified and will not be updated. Unless otherwise stated, any market data used in the Information is not attributed to a specific source, are estimates of the Company, and have not been independently verified. The Information, including but not limited to forward-looking statements, applies only as of the date of this document and is not intended to give any assurances as to future results.

THE INFORMATION IS BEING MADE AVAILABLE TO EACH RECIPIENT SOLELY FOR ITS INFORMATION AND BACKGROUND.

The Information does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as (a) an offer or the solicitation of an offer to subscribe for or purchase any securities issued by the Company, or (b) any form of financial opinion, recommendation or investment advice with respect to any securities or financial instruments.

The Information contains forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in the Information are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give the Company's current expectations and projections relating to its financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. These statements may include, without limitation, any statements preceded by, followed by or including words such as "target," "believe," "expect," "aim," "intend," "may," "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "project," "will," "can have," "likely," "should," "could" and other words and terms of similar meaning or the negative thereof. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors beyond the Company's control that could cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from the expected results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding the Company's present and future business strategies and the environment in which it will operate in the future. The Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



# **Appendix**



### **Specialised Debt Restructurer**

Specialised Debt Restructurer regulatory text – new article 36(5) CRR

For the sole purpose of calculating the applicable amount of insufficient coverage for non-performing exposures in accordance with paragraph 1, point (m) of this Article, by way of derogation from Article 47c and after having notified the competent authority, the applicable amount of insufficient coverage for non-performing exposures purchased by a specialised debt restructurer shall be zero.

The derogation set out in this subparagraph shall apply on an individual basis and, in case of groups in which all institutions qualify as specialised debt restructurers, on a consolidated basis.

For the purposes of this paragraph, "specialised debt restructurer" means an institution that, during the preceding financial year, complied with all the following conditions on both an individual and consolidated basis:

- a. the main activity of the institution is the purchase, management and restructuring of non-performing exposures in accordance with a clear and effective internal decision process implemented by its management body;
- b. the accounting value measured without taking into account any credit risk adjustments of its own originated loans does not exceed 15% of its total assets;
- c. at least 5% of the accounting value measured without taking into account any credit risk adjustments' of its own originated loans constitutes a total or partial refinancing, or the adjustment of relevant terms, of the purchased non-performing exposures that qualifies as a forbearance measure in accordance with Article 47b of this Regulation;
- d. the total assets of the institution do not exceed EUR 20 billion;
- e. the institution maintains, on an ongoing basis, a net stable funding ratio of at least 130%;
- f. the sight deposits of the institution do not exceed 5% of total liabilities of the institution.

The specialised debt restructurer shall without undue delay notify the competent authority if one or more of the conditions are no longer met. Competent authorities shall notify EBA at least on an annual basis of the application of this subparagraph by institutions under their supervision.

The EBA shall establish, maintain, and publish a list of specialised debt restructurers. The EBA shall monitor the activity of specialised debt restructurers, and shall report by 2028, to the Commission on the results of such monitoring and, where appropriate, shall advise the Commission as to whether the conditions to qualify as "specialised debt restructurer" are sufficiently risk-based, appropriate in view of favouring the secondary market for non-performing loans and assess if additional conditions are necessary."